





Organochalcogen with Liquid Crystal Properties

Tiago Frizon^{*} (PG)¹, Hugo Gallardo(PQ)¹, Oscar Rodrigues (PQ)², Antonio Luiz

Braga (PQ)¹

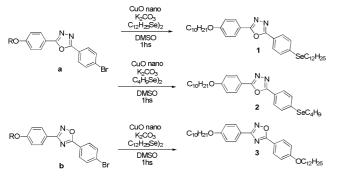
¹ Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina, UFSC, Florianópolis – Santa Catarina, Brasil ² Universidade Federal de Santa Maria, Santa Maria, RS, Brasil * tiagofrizon@gmail.com Keywords: Liquid Crystal, organoselenium,1,3,4-Oxadiazole and 1,2,4-Oxadiazole.

INTRODUCTION

Important advances took place in the chemistry by using organoselenium, in the last decade. In the area of semiconductors, liquid crystals containing chalcogen atoms showed high mobility charge in the mesofases¹. of The synthesis of whether organic materials, properties polymeric molecular or electroluminescent (OLED) is currently wide area research, involving interest of academic and technological, with great potential application in electro-electronic industry, displays of high brightness and flexibility². as In this context, the objective is compounds, the synthesis of new liquid crystal containing heterocycles 1,2,4 - and 1,3,4 oxadiazole and selenium in its structure.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

To obtain the liquid crystalline organoselenetos was followed the schemes **1** and **2**.

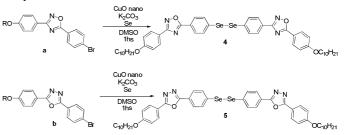


Scheme 1: Synthesis of organoselenetos 1, 2 and 3: i) KOH, CuO nano, diselenide and DMSO.

The compounds 1, 2 and 3 were obtained from the coupling reaction of intermediates **a** and **b** with two alkyl diselenide (dodecyl diselenide and butyl diselenide) with potassium hydroxide and CuO nano-particles as catalyst. The temperature of the reaction was kept $80 \,^{\circ}$ C under inert atmosphere for 1h.

For the synthesis of diselenide **4** and **5**, elemental selenium, potassium hydroxide and CuO nano-particles as catalyst were used. The reaction

proceeded in a similar manner as reported for the synthesis of selenides above.



Scheme 2: Synthesis of organoselenetos 4 and 5: ii) KOH, CuO nano, DMSO and elemental selenium.

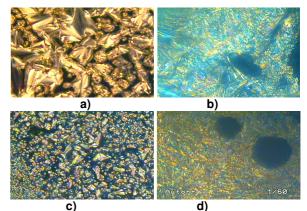


Figure 1: Textures representing mesophases displayed by compounds 1, 3, 4 e 5 respectively.

CONCLUSION

This new class of organoselenetos, presents a strong blue luminescence, and mesomorphic smectic A. These compounds showed good thermal stability with decomposition temperature around 350 °C, suitable for applications in electronic devices.

The methodology was efficient for the proposal, with good yields.

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