

Synthesis of Vinyl Sulfides using Selenium Ionic Liquid

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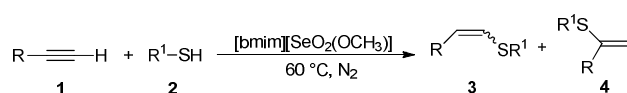
INTRODUCTION

Vinyl sulfides are very versatile and useful intermediates in organic synthesis¹ and there are several compounds of natural occurrence bearing the vinyl sulfide group isolated from blooming plants of the tribe *Heliantheae* (Asteraceae).² In addition, vinyl sulfides can be converted into the corresponding aldehyde, ketone or carboxylic acid or ester by acid hydrolysis or through the thio-Claisen rearrangement.³

On the other hand, ionic liquids (ILs) constitute an interesting alternative to solvents in organic synthesis. Because product isolation or catalyst recycling is very easy in ILs and, in some cases, rate accelerations and/or selectivity improvements are also observed, they are regarded as environmentally friendly green solvents.⁴ Due our continuing interest in the synthesis and applications of organochalcogenium chemistry and in new applications for selenium-based ionic liquids,⁵ we decide to study the use of [bmim][SeO₂(OCH₃)] for the synthesis of vinyl sulfides by hydrothiolation of terminal alkynes.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A set of experiments were performed to find the best conditions for the synthesis of vinyl sulfides using thiophenol and propargyl alcohol as model compounds (Scheme 1).

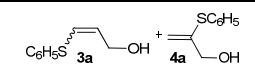
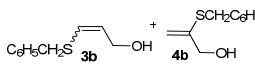
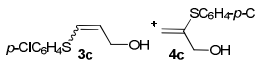
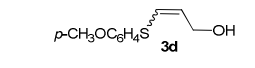
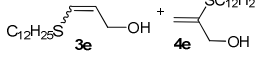
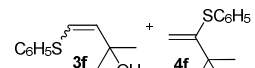
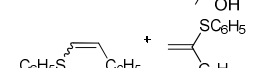


Scheme 1. Synthesis of vinyl sulfides.

Careful analysis revealed that the best yields were obtained when a mixture of alkyne (1.2 mmol), thiol (1.0 mmol) and [bmim][SeO₂(OCH₃)] (15.8 mg, 5 mol%) was vigorously stirred at 60 °C. Thus, the respective product was obtained in 81% yield after 16 hours (Table 1, entry 1).

With this optimized conditions in hand, a study was performed with aliphatic and aromatic thiols and propargyl alcohol and phenylacetylene, showing the generality of the method. For most examples, good yields were obtained (Table 1).

Table 1. Synthesis of vinyl sulfides using ionic liquid.

| Entry | Product | Time (h) | Yield (%) ^a | Ratio ^b 3E:3Z: 4 |
|-------|--|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 |  | 16 | 81 | 25:52:23 |
| 2 |  | 16 | 67 | 44:53:3 |
| 3 |  | 15 | 70 | 31:57:12 |
| 4 |  | 19 | 71 | 27:73:0 |
| 5 |  | 12 | 53 | 44:54:2 |
| 6 |  | 17 | 55 | 19:74:7 |
| 7 |  | 2 | 91 | 42:54:4 |

^a Yields are given for isolated products. ^b Determined by ¹H NMR.

CONCLUSION

In summary, the method described is very simple, clean and efficient for the synthesis of vinyl sulfides using [bmim][SeO₂(OCH₃)], being a useful alternative for the existing methodologies. The reaction proceeds easily and the products were obtained in good yields.

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