

Directing Group Enhanced Carbonylative Ring Expansions of

Amino Substituted Cyclopropanes

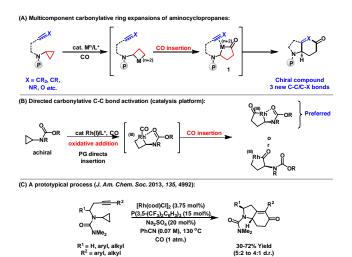
Dr John F. Bower

School of Chemistry, University of Bristol, Bristol, BS8 1TS, UK *e-mail: john.bower@bris.ac.uk

Keywords: chiral scaffolds, metal-catalysis, cycloaddition.

Abstract

Our research programme is focussed upon the development of new catalysis platforms that enable direct access to medicinally valuable chiral scaffolds.¹ Recently, we outlined a metal-catalysed (3+2+1) carbonylative cycloaddition strategy for the synthesis of complex nitrogen containing scaffolds (Scheme 1A).² The key metallacyclic intermediates 1 are generated by Rh-catalysed carbonylative ring expansion of readily available amino-substituted cyclopropanes. To control the regioselectivity of this process we have developed a directing group based strategy, which takes advantage of the N-protecting group (Scheme 1B). This approach controls (a) the regioselectivity of oxidative addition (into the more hindered cyclopropane C-C bond) and (b) the regioselectivity of CO insertion. Mechanistic aspects of this process will be discussed. We will also outline a prototypical catalytic process that involves trapping of the metallacyclic intermediate with a tethered alkyne (Scheme 1C). Finally, a brief overview of current directions will be given.



Scheme 1

Acknowledgements

Bristol Chemical Synthesis Centre for Doctoral Training, funded by the EPSRC (EP/G036764/1), and Syngenta are thanked for funding. The Royal Society is thanked for the provision of a University Research Fellowship (to JFB). We also thank the RSC Organic Division for a RSC/BMOS Young Investigator Award.

References

¹ A. Nadin, C. Hattotuwagama, I. Churcher, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2012**, *51*, 1114.

² M. H. Shaw, E. Y. Melikhova, D. P. Kloer, W. G. Whittingham, J. F. Bower, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, *135*, 4992.