

# Synthesis of novel [2]rotaxanes using hydrogen-bonding template

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## INTRODUCTION

[2]rotaxanes are mechanically interlocked molecules which and are employed in the development of new electronic devices. Due to their characteristic of controlling motion (pirouetting or shuttling) the [2]rotaxanes have received much scientific interest over the last decade, especially in the development of biological machines.<sup>1,2</sup> Thus continuing our work<sup>3</sup> in this exciting area of chemistry, the aim of this study is to show the synthesis of novel [2]rotaxanes models which can later be used in molecular dynamics studies.

# **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

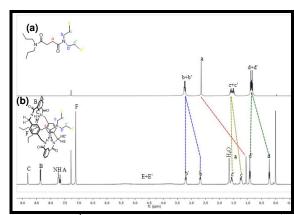
The four novel [2]rotaxanes models were prepared by self-assembly with post-modification process through multicomponent reaction (five components). In the reactions were used different succinamides templates for the formation of amide macrocycles. In the **Scheme 1** are showed synthesis of [2]rotaxanes which exhibited different structural variations in the stoppers.

R = Pr, i-Pr, Bu, i-Bu  $i = \text{Et}_3\text{N}, \text{CHCl}_3, 16 \text{ h}, 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, 17 - 29 \%$ 

## Scheme 1. Synthesis of [2]rotaxanes

The [2]rotaxanes were characterized by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra through chemical shift differences between the thread and the [2]rotaxanes. In the Figure 1 are showed the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of (a) thread (R = Pr) and (b) [2]rotaxane (R = Pr). It is possible to establish the significant upfield shifts (e.g.,  $\delta = 0.23$ . 1.24, and 2.69 ppm) corresponding to the signal of hydrogens H<sub>d</sub>, H<sub>c</sub>, and H<sub>b</sub> of the Pr group. The assignment is due to proximity of the meta-diamide portion of the macrocycle to the structural fragments.

Additional indication of the formation of [2]rotaxane is given by chemical shift of macrocyclic methylene,  $H_{\text{E-axial}}$ , and  $H_{\text{E'-equatorial}}$  ( $\delta = 3.79-5.46$  ppm), which are associated with the pirouetting motion between the two subunits.3



1. ¹H NMR spectra of (a) Figure tetrapropylsuccinamide and (b) [2]rotaxane.

# CONCLUSION

In summary, we report the efficient synthesis of four [2]rotaxanes. These new compounds can be used of molecular dynamics of this rotation studies. In addition they will also use as potential models for structural and supramoleculares studies.

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