



Synthesis of Carbonohydrazideamide, Carbonohydrazidethioamide with potential biological activity

Camila S. S. Tozatti^{1*}, Edson A. dos Santos², Narcimário P. Coelho¹, Maria Cristina P. dos Santos¹, Michael J. V. da Silva¹, Davana S. Gonçalves¹, Ernani A. Basso¹

¹Universidade Estadual de Maringá, CEP 87.020-900, Maringá, PR, Brazil.

²Universidade Tecnológica Federal do Paraná, CEP 86.812-460, Apucarana, PR, Brazil.

*e-mail corresponding author: csstozatti2@uem.br

Keywords: Carbonohydrazides, Carbonohydrazideamide, Carbonohydrazidethioamide

INTRODUCTION

Semicarbazones, carbonohydrazides, thiosemicarbazides and semicarbazides are reported to possess a wide range of biological activities, such as antimicrobial, fungicidal and antitumor.¹⁻⁶ However, to the best of our knowledge, carbonohydrazideamide and carbonohydrazidethioamide are not reported anywhere, despite the structural similarity with the functional groups mentioned above (figure 1). With the aim of developing a route for biologically active compounds, herein we report the synthesis of a series of Carbonohydrazideamide and carbonohydrazidethioamide.

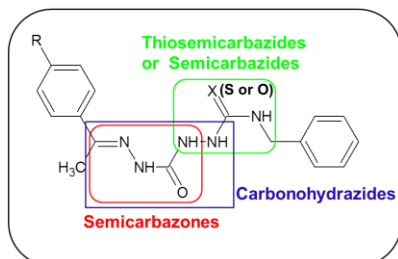


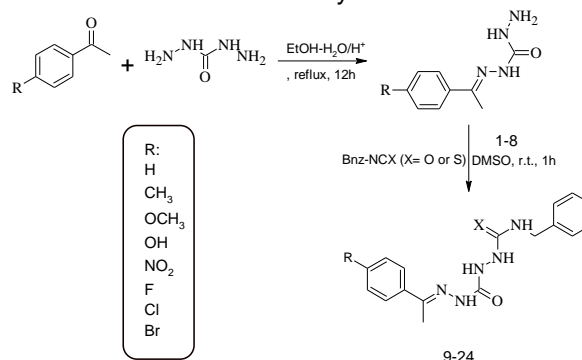
Figure 1. Carbonohydrazideamide or carbonohydrazidethioamide and its relationship with other functional groups.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The general schematic representation describing the routes of syntheses is presented in Scheme 1. Carbonohydrazides (1 - 8) were prepared by the condensation of carbohydrazide with respective acetophenone in the presence of concentrated hydrochloric acid in water-ethanol for 12 h.⁷ Hydrazinacarboamidas (9-16) and hidrazinacarbotoamidas (17-24) are synthesized by reaction of carbonohydrazides (1-8) with benzyl

isocyanate or benzyl isothiocyanate in DMSO for 1 h.

The structures of the products were confirmed by ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra. The intermediates 1-8 and 9-24 were isolated with 80-98% yields.



Scheme 1. Synthesis of Carbonohydrazideamide or carbonohydrazidethioamide

CONCLUSION

Compounds 1-24 were obtained with high yields, among these, the compounds 9-24 are inédited and will be evaluated as antimicrobial, fungicidal and antitumor.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors thank the financial support from CNPq, CAPES and Fundação Araucária.

REFERENCES

- [1] Jafri, L. et al. *Chem Biol Drug Des* **2012**, 79,950–959; [2] Gammal, O.A. E. et al. *Journal of Molecular Structure* **2012**, 1020, 6–15; [3] Leite, A.C.L. et al. *Acta Farm. Bonaerense* **2004**, 23, 117-122; [4] Yousef, T.A. et al. *Int. J. Med. Med. Sci* **2011**, 3, 37-46; [5] Gokce, M. et al. *Journal of Faculty of Pharmacy of Gazi University* **2000**, 17, 61-70; [6] Umamatheswari, S. et al. *European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry* **2011**, 46, 1415-1424; [7] Li, Z. et al. *Synthetic Communications* **2006**, 36, 2613–2619.