## **PREFACE**

This is the electronic compilation of three physical volumes, of the Proceedings of the 37<sup>th</sup> eCAADe and the 23<sup>th</sup> SIGraDi Conferences, held as a Joint Event from 11-13 September 2019 at the Faculty of Architecture of the University of Porto, in Portugal. The three volumes together contain the 221 accepted papers that are also available digitally at CumlnCAD (Cumulative Index of Computer Aided Architectural Design) – http://papers.cumincad.org

## **Theme**

"We stand on the brick of a technological revolution that will fundamentally alter the way we live, work, and relate to one another. In its scale, scope and complexity, the transformation will be unlikely anything humankind has experienced before."

Klaus Schwab, World Economic Forum, 2015

Looking for confronting the discipline of Architecture with the most critical topics nowadays, the eCAADe SIGraDi Conference 2019 was dedicated to the theme of:

## Architecture in the Age of the 4th Industrial Revolution

Going back in history, the 1<sup>st</sup> Industrial Revolution occurred between the 18th and 19th centuries, when water and steam power led to the mechanization period. By then, social changes radically transformed cities and, together with manufactured materials like steel and glass, promoted the emergence of new building design typologies like the railway station. In the end of the 19th century, the advent of electrical power triggered mass production systems. This 2<sup>nd</sup> Revolution affected the building construction industry in many ways, inspiring the birth to the modern movement. For some, standardization emerged as an enemy of arts and crafts, while, for others, it was an opportunity to embrace new design agendas, where construction economy and quality could be controlled in novel ways. More recently, electronics and information technology fostered the 3rd Revolution with the production automation. In architecture, the progressive use of digital design, analysis and

fabrication processes started to replace the traditional means of analogical representation. This opened the door for the exploration of a higher degree of design freedom, complexity and customization. The rise of the Internet also changed the way architects communicated and promoted the emergence of global architectural practices in the planet.

Today, in the beginning of the 21th century, we are in a moment of profound and accelerated changes in the way we perceive and interact with(in) the world, which many authors, like Klaus Schwab, do not hesitate to call as the Fourth Industrial Revolution. Extraordinary advancements in areas like mobile communication, artificial intelligence, big data, cloud computing, blockchain, nanotechnology, biotechnology, facial recognition, robotics or additive manufacturing are fusing the physical, biological and digital systems of production. Such technological context has triggered a series of disruptive concepts and innovations, like the smart-phone, social networks, online gaming, internet of things, smart materials, interactive environments, personal fabrication, 3D printing, virtual and augmented realities, drones, self-driving cars or the smart cities, which, all together, are drawing a radically new world.

## **Challenges**

Like in the past, if the world changes, the discipline of architecture cannot remain indifferent. It must understand and adapt to the new circumstances and why not, orient some of the undergoing transformations. Since digital technologies are at the core of the emerging paradigm, the eCAADe SIGraDi Conference 2019 became a privileged space to promote a comprehensive discussion about the place and role of Architecture in the Age of the 4<sup>th</sup> Industrial Revolution. Therefore, we invited researchers, professors, professionals and students to address questions like:

- What is the impact of new technologies in architectural education and practice?
- What are the emerging opportunities and threats to our discipline caused by the rise of new intelligent processes and material systems?
- How are architects balancing between resistance and adoption regarding the convergence of cyber, physical and biological systems?
- How can digital technologies contribute for a better and more responsible built environment?

The topics proposed for the Conference included, but were not limited to:

Al for design and built environment Digital technologies for cultural heritage Additive manufacturing and construction Digital research in architectural practice

Art and Design Generative design

Big data and analytics in architectureGame design technologyBuilding Information ModellingHistory and Future of CAADCity Information Modelling and GISHuman-computer interactionCAAD Education and teachingInternet of things in architecture

Collaborative and participative design Interactive and responsive environments

Cyber-physical systems in architecture Material studies and innovation

Design concepts and strategies Parametric and algorithmic design

Design thinking and methods Simulation, prediction and evaluation

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Digital design for sustainable buildings Smart Cities

Digital fabrication and robotics Virtual and Augmented Reality

The first volume of the proceedings contains 89 papers grouped under 12 topics, the second volume contains 95 papers grouped under 12 topics, and finally the third volume contains 37 papers grouped under 4 topics. In addition to the accepted papers, we acknowledge our guest speakers in the first volume and the workshops organized the days before the Conference in the third Volume.

José Pedro Sousa, Gonçalo Castro Henriques and João Pedro Xavier eCAADe SIGraDi 2019 Conference Chairs